

ВОПРОСЫ К ЭКЗАМЕНУ

1. Lexicology. Its connection with branches of linguistics
2. Main characteristics of a word. Lexical meaning and semantic structure of a word.
3. Denotative and connotative meaning.
4. The semantic structure of polysemantic words.
5. Literary bookish words and their classification.
6. Literary colloquial words.
7. Non-literary colloquial words.
8. Etymology of the English words: native element of English vocabulary and periods of borrowings.
9. Assimilation of loan words.
10. Translation loans.
11. Etymological doublets.
12. Types of semantic change.
13. Transference of names resulting from tropes: metaphor.
14. Transference of names resulting from tropes: metonymy.
15. Structural types of English and Russian vocabulary.
16. Affixation. Classification of affixes.
17. Blending. Back-formation. Reduplication.
18. Abbreviation. Shortening.
19. Classification of compounds.
20. Conversion.
21. Minor types of word formation: change of stress and sound interchange.
22. Synonyms. Euphemisms.
23. Antonyms. Their classification.
24. Homonyms. Their traditional classification.
25. Paronyms.
26. The classification of phraseological units based on the semantic principle in English and Russian.
27. The classification of phraseological units (structural principle).
28. The classification of phraseological units (functions).
29. Semantic relations in phraseology: synonymy, antonymy, homonymy.
30. Semantic relations in paradigmatics. Semantic fields: hyponymy.
31. The main features of the grammatical structure of English.
32. The parts of speech theory. The criteria of classifying the vocabulary into parts of speech.
33. The system of parts of speech in English. Notional and functional parts of speech. Interaction between parts of speech in English.
34. The semantic aspect of the sentence.
35. The communicative aspect of the sentence. Classification of sentences according to the purpose of communication.